

## Phase 3 tricky words

Tricky words are words that cannot be decoded easily. We use many of these tricky words often and they are used early on in decodable books, so it is important for children to be able to read them fluently. We teach tricky words by identifying the 'tricky part' and the sound it makes, then sounding out and blending the word as normal.

The tricky words for *Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised* are the original tricky words from Letters and Sounds, combined with the Common Exception Words from the English National Curriculum Year 1 and 2 Spelling appendix.

The table below lists all the Phase 3 tricky words. It includes tricky words taught at Phase 3 but also Phase 2 tricky words that are still not decodable. Phase 2 tricky words that are decodable at the beginning of Phase 3 are excluded.

The words for each phase are listed in order of progression. Some of them become decodable later in the programme as children learn more GPCs.

### Taught in Phase 3

	Tricky word	Why is it tricky?
R Spr1 wk2	<u>was</u>	The grapheme 'a' makes the sound <b>o</b> . <i>Children have only learned the sound a as in 'cat' at this stage.</i>
R Spr1 wk2	<u>you</u>	The digraph 'ou' is not yet decodable.
R Spr1 wk2	<u>they</u>	The digraph 'ey' is not yet decodable.
R Spr1 wk3	<u>my</u>	The grapheme 'y' makes the sound <b>igh</b> . <i>Children have only learned the sound y as in 'yap' at this stage.</i>
R Spr1 wk3	<u>by</u>	The grapheme 'y' makes the sound <b>igh</b> . <i>Children have only learned the sound y as in 'yap' at this stage.</i>
R Spr1 wk3	<u>all</u>	The grapheme 'a' makes the sound <b>or</b> . <i>Children have only learned the sound a as in 'cat' at this stage.</i>
R Spr1 wk4	<u>are</u>	The trigraph 'are' makes the sound <b>ar</b> . <i>This is a rare GPC.</i>
R Spr1 wk4	<u>sure</u>	The word 'sure' has two tricky parts: the grapheme 's' makes the sound <b>sh</b> and the trigraph 'ure'* makes the sound <b>oo</b> followed by a schwa sound. <i>*This is a rare GPC.</i>
R Spr1 wk4	<u>pure</u>	The trigraph 'ure' makes the sound <b>oo</b> followed by a schwa sound. <i>This is a rare GPC.</i>

### Tricky words that become decodable in Phase 3

her	Children are taught the digraph 'er' in <b>Reception Spring 1 week 4</b> .
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### Taught in Phase 2

#### Phase 2 tricky words that remain tricky in Phase 3

	Tricky word	Why is it tricky?
R Au1 wk4	<u>i</u>	The grapheme 'i' makes the sound <b>igh</b> . <i>Children have only learned the sound i as in 'pin' at this stage.</i>
R Au1 wk5	<u>the</u>	The grapheme 'e' makes the schwa sound ' <b>uh</b> '. <i>The schwa sound is very common but is rarely represented by the grapheme 'e' at the end of a word.</i>
R Au2 wk1	<u>put</u> *	The grapheme 'u' makes the sound <b>oo</b> (as in 'book'). <i>Children have only learned the sound u as in 'cup' at this stage.</i>
R Au2 wk1	<u>pull</u> *	The grapheme 'u' makes the sound <b>oo</b> (as in 'book'). <i>Children have only learned the sound u as in 'cup' at this stage.</i>
R Au2 wk1	<u>full</u> *	The grapheme 'u' makes the sound <b>oo</b> (as in 'book'). <i>Children have only learned the sound u as in 'cup' at this stage.</i>
R Au2 wk2	<u>and</u>	The word 'and' is considered tricky at this stage because it has adjacent consonants.

	Tricky word	Why is it tricky?
R Au2 wk3	g <u>o</u>	The grapheme 'o' makes the sound <b>oa</b> . Children have only learned the sound <b>o</b> as in 'dog' at this stage.
R Au2 wk3	n <u>o</u>	The grapheme 'o' makes the sound <b>oa</b> . Children have only learned the sound <b>o</b> as in 'dog' at this stage.
R Au2 wk3	t <u>o</u>	The grapheme 'o' makes the sound oo (as in 'food') or the schwa sound. This is a rare GPC.
R Au2 wk3	int <u>o</u>	The grapheme 'o' makes the sound oo (as in 'food') or the schwa sound. This is a rare GPC.
R Au2 wk4	sh <u>e</u>	The grapheme 'e' makes the sound <b>ee</b> . Children have only learned the sound <b>e</b> as in 'egg' at this stage.
R Au2 wk4	pu <u>sh</u> *	The grapheme 'u' makes the sound <b>oo</b> (as in 'book'). Children have only learned the sound <b>u</b> as in 'cup' at this stage.
R Au2 wk4	h <u>e</u>	The grapheme 'e' makes the sound <b>ee</b> . Children have only learned the sound <b>e</b> as in 'egg' at this stage.
R Au2 wk4	o <u>f</u>	The grapheme 'f' makes the sound <b>v</b> . This is a rare GPC.
R Au2 wk5	w <u>e</u>	The grapheme 'e' makes the sound <b>ee</b> . Children have only learned the sound <b>e</b> as in 'egg' at this stage.
R Au2 wk5	m <u>e</u>	The grapheme 'e' makes the sound <b>ee</b> . Children have only learned the sound <b>e</b> as in 'egg' at this stage.
R Au2 wk5	b <u>e</u>	The grapheme 'e' makes the sound <b>ee</b> . Children have only learned the sound <b>e</b> as in 'egg' at this stage.

\*The words 'put', 'pull', 'full' and 'push' may not be tricky in some regional pronunciations, in which case they should not be taught as such.