RE								
	Autumn	Spring		Summer				
Year	Inspirational Leaders-Social Justice	s-Social Justice Buddhism		Leicester Defines Diversity				
6	Term1.1 Term 1.2	Term2.1	Term 2.2	Term 3.1	Term 3.2			
(knowledge) must know	 Identify significant people who put into practice the principle of loving one's neighbour: Mother Theresa, Bob Geldof, Oscar Schindler, Thomas Barnardo and Bhagat Puran Singh and the Pingalwara. 3) Identify organisations who put into practice the principle of loving one's neighbour: Islamic Relief and the Salvation Army. 4a) Investigate particular individuals who have been led by their belief: to work for different types of justice: Rosa Parks, Martin Luther King Malala Yousafzi AungSan Suu Kyi, Nelson Mandela and Gandhi. Bob Geldof, 	 Buddhism began in India and is 2,500 years old. Siddhartha Gautama (read his life story) found the path to Enlightenment. By doing so he was led from the pain of suffering and rebirth towards the path of Enlightenment and became known as the Buddha or "awakened one". Know of the three jewels, three signs of being, four noble truths, noble eight-fold path -A key concept of Buddhism is Nirvana, the most enlightened, and blissful state that one can achieve. Buddhism is different from many other faiths because it is not centred on the relationship between humanity and God. Buddhists do not believe in a personal creator God. Buddhist believe that there is a cycle of birth, life and death and rebirth. This goes on and on. They believe that unless someone gains Enlightenment, when they die they will be reborn. If a person can gain Enlightenment, they can break out of this cycle. Breaking out of the cycle is called Nirvana (sometimes called Nibbana). It is the end of everything that is not perfect. It is perfect peace, free of suffering. Meditation-Buddhists try to reach Nirvana by following the Buddha's teaching and by meditating. Examine <i>some</i> rules for monks (227 rules) from the book Tripitaka (three baskets of Wisdom). Buddhist symbols and their meanings-wheel of life and lotus flower 		What makes Leicester Diverse? Find out about local examples of different religious communities in area, looking at changes over time, and differences between them: food, buildings, community work. Why are there now 30+ mosques in Leicester, where 50 years ago there were none? Why are there over 50 Churches in Leicester, some of them over 500 years old? Describe similarities and differences between living in a plural community and living in a community where almost everyone has similar beliefs and customs.				
(skills) be able to	 1)Interpret and Infer the message and moral in modern age from these ancient texts. 2)Discuss the fact that values can clash, and dilemmas about doing the right thing can be difficult 3a)Describe some of the problems of poverty in the world today, and some ways that charities, including religious charities, respond and make a difference. 3b) Classify Extreme Poverty and Poverty in a First World Country. 3c)Make connections between the teachings of Paul and Jesus and the work of one Christian agency today 3d) Discuss the impact and success of their work and how the work has developed and continued. 4a) Consider how these inspirational people of faith are regarded as sources of importance and inspiration by believers today -Consider why they hold the values which they do, and how these values make a difference to their lives 	What level of self discipline is required to m If there is no God, can we gain enlightenm Provide how and why it would be possible without materialistic wealth in the 21 st cen Why do people consider converting to Buc	wife and child behind? om Lakshmi)? n nirvana? neditate for long periods of time? nent? e or challenging to live a 'humble' life tury?		ommunity with another more lentify similarity and difference ccepting differences."			

ulary	Justice Self Sacrifice	Nirvana Enlightenment	Diversity Universal Characteristics Cohesion
Key Vocab			